

Beat: Business

Demographic Dividend in Italy:

Opportunities and Risks

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USPA NEWS - Time that signals, not time that decides

Demography is a slow science, yet its consequences are fast. Alfred Sauvy, one of the fathers of modern demography, repeated this often. And yet, as he himself recounted, during many parliamentary hearings he had the impression that politicians were bored. Demography spoke about the future; politics was already elsewhere.

Sauvy was obsessed with time—not the short time of markets or legislative terms, but the long time of populations. Demographic changes mature slowly, almost silently, but when they become visible, their effects concentrate suddenly and often irreversibly. The paradox is that this very slowness makes them easy to ignore.

It is in this gap between political time and population time that the concept of the demographic dividend is found. Not a favorable destiny, but a limited window of opportunity. Demography does not tell a society what it must do; it tells it when it can do it, when it can afford to do it.

The demographic dividend is the phase in which a population has a much higher share of people of working age compared to children and the elderly. The dependency ratio decreases, the social burden lightens, and the space for growth expands. But the dividend is not automatic. It does not generate benefits on its own. It is simply time gained.

That time can be used to invest in education, productive employment, innovation, and inclusive institutions. Or it can be consumed. The same demographic structure can generate growth or fragility: the difference does not lie in demography, but in economic and political choices.

Italy experienced a long phase of high demographic dividend, accompanied by one of the highest levels of private savings in the world. Instead of setting aside that dividend and transforming it into long term investment, it chose to consume it. Short sighted political decisions artificially expanded the inactive population, creating early retirements and voluntarily reducing the productive base precisely at the moment of maximum demographic strength.

The pension system was often used as a tool for immediate consensus, while accumulated savings were not systematically directed toward productivity and human capital. Thus the country entered demographic debt having already consumed both its human and financial dividend. It was not longevity that put the system under strain, but the choice to treat the dividend as income rather than as responsibility.

And politics? Seeking immediate consensus—often through reassuring language that evokes a “community” where a real community often no longer exists—is a dangerous shortcut. Politics should not limit itself to comforting voters in the present, but should “pre occupy” itself with the future. For a simple reason: that is where we will spend the rest of our lives.

The transition from dividend to demographic debt is never sudden. It is an announced, measurable, visible process that unfolds over decades. And precisely for this reason, it is often ignored.

Like Fra Cristoforo’s pointing finger in *The Betrothed*, demography does not accuse; it indicates. It indicates the passing of time and the consequences that accumulate when decisions are postponed or avoided. The demographic dividend is the moment in which a society discovers whether it is capable of looking beyond the present. When that moment passes, no guilt remains. What remains is a bill. And it is always steep.

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